

## MATH 817 ASSIGNMENT 5

DUE NOVEMBER 19, 2009, IN CLASS

If your assignment must be late for any reason please notify me (by email, phone or in person) **before** the assignment is due. There will be no retroactive lates.

- (1) (Isaacs problem 11.8) Let  $G$  be an  $X$ -group with the property that whenever  $\mathcal{H}$  is a linearly ordered collection of proper  $X$ -subgroups of  $G$ , then  $\bigcup \mathcal{H} < G$ . Show that  $G$  is finitely generated. *Hint: Zorn's lemma.*
- (2) (Isaacs problem 12.24) Let  $B$  and  $C$  be subrings of  $A$  with  $1_B = 1_C = 1_A$ . Write  $A_B$  for  $A$  viewed as a right  $B$  module and  ${}_C A$  for  $A$  viewed as a left  $C$  module. Let

$$R = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} b & 0 \\ a & c \end{bmatrix} : a \in A, b \in B, c \in C \right\} \text{ and } I = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ a & 0 \end{bmatrix} : a \in A \right\}$$

- (a) Show that  $R$  is a ring and that  $I$  is an ideal of  $R$ .
  - (b) Show that  $R/I \cong B \oplus C$ .
  - (c) Show that  $I$  is noetherian or artinian as a right  $R$  module iff  $A_B$  is noetherian or artinian.
  - (d) Show that  $I$  is noetherian or artinian as a left  $R$  module iff  ${}_C A$  is noetherian or artinian.
  - (e) In the case  $A = B = \mathbb{R}$  and  $C = \mathbb{Q}$ , show that  $R$  is right noetherian and right artinian but is neither left noetherian nor left artinian.
- (3) Let  $V$  and  $W$  be finite dimensional vector spaces over a field  $F$ . Let  $S : V \rightarrow V$  be a linear transformation with matrix  $A$  and let  $T : W \rightarrow W$  be a linear transformation with matrix  $B$ . What is the matrix of  $S \otimes T : V \otimes_F W \rightarrow V \otimes_F W$ ?
  - (4) Let  $C = \mathbb{Z}/2\mathbb{Z}$ . Let  $C(x)$  be the field of rational functions in  $x$  over  $C$ . Prove that  $C(x) \otimes_{C(x^2)} C(x)$  has nonzero nilpotent elements.
  - (5) (Isaacs problem 13.7) Fix a prime  $p$  and consider the ring

$$L_p = \{m/n \in \mathbb{Q} : m, n \in \mathbb{Z}, p \nmid n\}.$$

Compute  $J(L_p)$ .